

Safety Data Sheet

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **TY.BAITA.TVBUS**
Product name: **WB STAIN INTERMIX BAITA**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **WATERBORNE STAIN**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Water-based stain for industrial and professional uses	✓	✓	-
Uses Advised Against			
All uses not mentioned among recommended uses.			



1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **RENNER ITALIA S.P.A.**
Full address: **Via Ronchi Inferiore, 34**
District and Country: **40061 Minerbio (BO) Italia**
Tel.: **+39 051-6618211**
Fax: **+39 051-6606312**e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **sds@renneritalia.com**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: **RENNER ITALIA S.p.A. - Tel. +39 051-6618211 (from monday to fryday 8.30 a.m. - 01.00 p.m. and 02.00 p.m. - 05.30 p.m.)**

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement

Skin sensitization, category 1A

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Hazard pictograms:

Signal words: **Warning**Hazard statements:
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.**P302+P352** IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.**P363** Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**2. Hazards identification ... / >>**

Storage:

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Disposal:

P501

Dispose of contents / container in accordance with regulation in force.

2.2. Other hazards

Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

Identification

x = Conc. %**Classification:****1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL**

INDEX 603-064-00-3

 $5 \leq x < 7.5$ **Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336**

EC 203-539-1

CAS 107-98-2

REACH Reg. 01-2119457435-35

2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL

INDEX 603-047-00-0

 $0.1 \leq x < 0.2$ **Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Acute toxicity, category 3 H331, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity, category 4 H312, Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335**

EC 203-542-8

CAS 108-01-0

REACH Reg. 01-2119492298-24-XXXX

2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE

INDEX 613-167-00-5

 $0.0015 \leq x < 0.1$ **Acute toxicity, category 2 H330, Acute toxicity, category 3 H301, Acute toxicity, category 3 H311, Skin corrosion, category 1C H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Skin sensitization, category 1A H317, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 H400 M=10, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 H410 M=1**

EC 220-239-6

CAS 2682-20-4

REACH Reg. 01-2120764690-50

* There is a batch to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.



4. First-aid measures ... / >>

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

**7. Handling and storage ... / >>****7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters**

Regulatory references:

USA	NIOSH-REL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.
USA	CAL/OSHA-PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH	-	184	50	368	100	
CAL/OSHA	USA	360	100	540	150	SKIN
NIOSH	USA	360	100	540	150	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

Take the normal precautions for handling chemicals and apply an adequate standard of workplace hygiene.

Users must assess the risks in their workplace and adopt:

- Primary collective protective measures such as adequate natural ventilation and local extraction
- Personal protective equipment to manage the combination of residual risks

Personal protective equipment varies according to the possible exposure and hazardousness of the working conditions, so the final choice depends on the risk assessment.

HAND PROTECTION

Use category III chemical resistant gloves according to the EN 374 standard

Brief contact (splash protection) – non-exhaustive list

Suitable material: NITRILE RUBBER (NBR)

Glove thickness: greater than 0.4 mm

Breakthrough time: from 30 to 60 minutes

Breakthrough index: at least 2

The gloves must be replaced if there are signs of deterioration. In any case, users must assess the risks to determine the most suitable type of glove for the conditions of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear work clothes and safety footwear that complies with EN ISO 20344

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety glasses (UNI EN ISO 16321-1).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a mask with EN140 and/or EN136 approval, with an ABEK type filter (EN 14387)

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure



compliance with environmental standards.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	brown	
Odour	almost odourless	
Odour threshold	not available	
pH	7-9	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	> 93 °C (199,4 °F)	
Boiling range	not available	
Flash point	> 93 °C (199,4 °F)	
Evaporation rate	not available	
Flammability	not flammable	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Vapour density	not available	
Relative density	1-1,2 g/cm3	
Solubility	soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
Viscosity	not available	
Explosive properties	not applicable	
Oxidising properties	not applicable	

9.2. Other information

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	9,79 %	
VOC :	7,40 % - 75,10	g/litre

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Dissolves various plastic materials. Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Avoid exposure to: air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.



11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL

LD50 (Oral):	1182.7 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal):	1219 mg/kg Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	6 mg/l/4h Rat

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

LD50 (Oral):	4016 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal):	13000 mg/kg
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	28.8 mg/l

2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE

LD50 (Oral):	285 mg/kg
LD50 (Dermal):	242 mg/kg
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	0.11 mg/l/4h

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Carcinogenicity Assessment:
107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL
ACGIH:: A4

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



11. Toxicological information ... / >>

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL

LC50 - for Fish	146.63 mg/l/96h <i>Leuciscus ides</i>
EC50 - for Crustacea	98.37 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia magna</i>
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	66.08 mg/l/72h <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants	24.49 mg/l/72h <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i>

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

LC50 - for Fish	6812 mg/l/96h <i>pimephales promelas</i>
EC50 - for Crustacea	23300 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia magna</i>

2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE

LC50 - for Fish	> 150 mg/l/96h <i>Danio rerio</i>
EC50 - for Crustacea	0.87 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia magna</i>
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0.157 mg/l/72h <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>
Chronic NOEC for Fish	493 mg/l <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	0.044 mg/l <i>Daphnia magna</i>
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0.0104 mg/l <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL

Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Solubility in water	1000-10000 mg/l mg/l
Rapidly degradable	

2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**12. Ecological information** ... / >>**2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0.55

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0.37

2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0.32 Log Kow

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessmentOn the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.**12.6. Other adverse effects**

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

For disposal or recovery in EU countries, use the relevant waste code (EWC code) identified in the European Waste Catalogue. The producer of the waste must assign the EWC code according to the sector and type of process. Disposal must be carried out by an authorised waste management company.

After the producer of the waste has assigned the EWC code, the contaminated packaging must be sent for recovery or disposal in compliance with the European waste management regulations. Disposal must be carried out by an authorised waste management company. For waste disposal or recovery in countries outside the EU, comply with the national or local regulations in force. For disposal or recovery of contaminated packaging in countries outside the EU, comply with the national or local regulations in force.

Waste transportation may be subject to regulations on transportation of hazardous goods.

14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable



14. Transport information ... / >>

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

Only for uses exempt from EU DIRECTIVE 2004/42/CE.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:

All components of this product are listed on US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are exempt from the listing / notification requirements.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)
111-90-0	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER (Glycol ethers)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)
111-90-0	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER (Glycol ethers)

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 313 TRI:

107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)
111-90-0	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER (Glycol ethers)

RCRA Code:



15. Regulatory information ... / >>

No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:
No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussets:

1309-37-1	PIGMENT RED 101 NANOFORM
34590-94-8	DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
108-01-0	2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL
107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

Minnesota:

1309-37-1	PIGMENT RED 101 NANOFORM
34590-94-8	DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

New Jersey:

1309-37-1	PIGMENT RED 101 NANOFORM
34590-94-8	DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
108-01-0	2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL
107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)
111-90-0	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER (Glycol ethers)
111-90-0	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER (Glycol ethers)

New York:

No component(s) listed.

Pennsylvania:

1309-37-1	PIGMENT RED 101 NANOFORM
34590-94-8	DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
108-01-0	2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL
107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

California:

1309-37-1	PIGMENT RED 101 NANOFORM
34590-94-8	DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
107-98-2	1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**16. Other information ... / >>****LEGEND:**

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAA 112 © RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112©)
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112© of the Clean Air Act
- Massachusetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minnesota Chapter 5206 Department Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current



16. Other information ... / >>

health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 08 / 13.